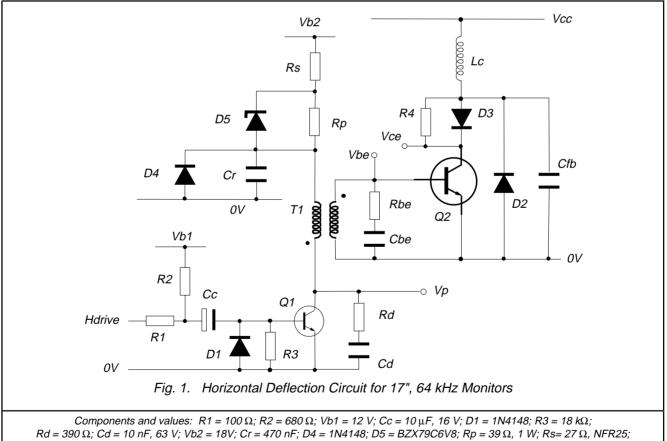
Horizontal Deflection for 17", 64 kHz Monitors

Using Philips CU15/35 drive transformer & BU4522AF/AX transistor

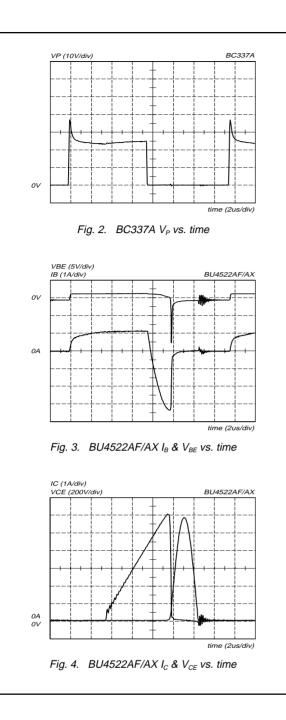
Most 17" monitor designs for pc's are required to operate at frequencies up to 64 kHz; this Fact Sheet describes Philips Components & Semiconductors solution for the horizontal deflection circuit. This circuit uses the new CU15/35 drive transformer from Philips Components and the new BU4522AF/AX deflection transistor from Philips Semiconductors.

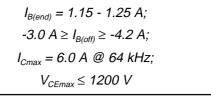
This circuit employs a new drive transformer designed specifically for optimum switching of Philips deflection transistors in multi-frequency monitor applications. The circuit is a complete solution to the horizontal output stage: the 'Hdrive' point can be attached to the output pin of most deflection/sync ic's. The concepts employed in this circuit are discussed in detail in the technical paper "Low power, low cost horizontal drive circuits with U15 core" (ETV/AN97002).



 $\begin{array}{l} Rd = 390 \ \Omega; \ Cd = 10 \ nF, \ 63 \ V; \ Vb2 = 18V; \ Cr = 470 \ nF; \ D4 = 1N4148; \ D5 = BZX79C6V8; \ Rp = 39 \ \Omega, \ 1 \ W; \ Rs = 27 \ \Omega, \ NFR25; \\ Q1 = Philips \ BC337A; \ T1 = Philips \ CU15/35; \ Q2 \ Philips = BU4522AF/AX; \ D3 = BYV28-50; \ R4 = 47 \ \Omega; \ Cbe = 150 \ nF; \ Rbe = 10 \ \Omega; \\ Lc = 140 \ uH; \ Cfb = 4.7 \ nF, \ 2 \ kV; \ D2 = Philips \ BY359X-1500S; \ Vcc = 130 \ V \end{array}$

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Figs. 2-4 show the important waveforms in the horizontal deflection circuit. The base drive current has been optimised, in this example, for an application running with a 50% duty cycle drive, peak I_c up to 6.0 A at 64 kHz and peak V_{CE} up to 1350 V. The operating conditions are summarised in Table 1 above. The circuit will also work for all the lower frequency modes required. If the drive duty cycle is not 50% a small change to the I_B may be necessary, achieved by altering Rp and Rs only.

For applications with operating conditions different to those detailed above Table 2 below details the actions to be taken:

Condition	Action
$I_{Cmax} \leq 5.5A$	use BU4515AF/AX
$I_{Cmax} \ge 6.5A$	use BU4523AF/AX
f≥64 kHz	use BU4523AF/AX

Table 2 Actions for Different Operating Conditions

A change in transistor type requires a change in value of resistors Rp and Rs only.

This circuit employs some new concepts which have very important benefits for monitor design:

- 1. Low total dissipation, 'Green' design.
- 2. Low component count.
- 3. Low voltage, low cost components.
- 4. Flexible design, easy to change for new designs.
- 5. Reliable design for fault & transient conditions.

The concepts in this circuit can easily be applied to any other multi-frequency monitor design.

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